GETTING IMPATIENT.

paring for Closure. That the rank and file of the democratic

by Senator George, and was circulated very

only to the most influential Senators. It

about, whether through the presiding offi-cer or the committee on rules, leaving that

It does not appear that the call will be pressed for the time being, but it is to

Senator Harris said at the close of the

CAPITOL TOPICS.

Of Interest to the Army.

The House military affairs committee has

appropriation bill providing that when the

number of majors in the adjutant general's

department is reduced to four it shall not

be increased.

Another amendment provides that vacancies in the lowest grades of the quartermaster general, subsistence, pay and judge advocate general's offices shall be filled by

appointment from the next lowest grade in the army. The effect of this amendment will be to prevent the filling of such vacan-

Agricultural Appropriation Bill.

support of the Department of Agriculture for

the House committee on agriculture. The

yet been footed up, but they will approximate a total of \$2,450,000 as compared with an appropriation of \$2,598,000 for the cur-rent fiscal year.

Conservative reductions in the salaries

the present year.

A new feature of legislation is a provision appropriating \$10,000 to enable the depart-

ment to investigate and report upon the nutritive value of the various articles and commodities used for human food, with special suggestion of full, wholesome and edible rations less wasteful and more eco-nomical than those in common use.

To Pay a Church for Damages.

Representative Jones of Virginia has in-

troduced a bill in the House to pay Shiloh

Methodist Church in Fredericksburg \$3,000 for use and destruction of the edifice by

Confirmed by the Senate.

The Senate has confirmed the nominations

of James Yeomans to be interstate com-

merce commissioner, and the following Bal-

timore appointments: Ormond Hammond

to be assistant treasurer of the United

was not removed from any of these nominations. Other confirmations were:

W. H. Turbett, receiver of public moneys at Des Moines, Iowa.

Will Meet Opposition.

The present expectation is that Repre

sentative Dockery will, after the army ap-

propriation bill is disposed of by the House,

call up the report of the joint congressional

commission on proposed changes in ac-

counting methods in the Treasury Depart-

ment. Involved in these claims are the

abolition of the office of the second con-

troller and the disposition of the services of a large number of clerks and some minor employes. The report of the commission

has been severely criticised in many quar

ters, and the prospects are that when it is called up for consideration it will give rise

to an interesting and prolonged debate. The army bill will be disposed of early in the

Life-Saving Stations Closed.

All the life-saving stations along the At

antic and Pacific coasts and those on the

Great Lakes closed today for the season,

which runs to the 1st of September. This

is in accordance with law, no provision having been made for the maintenance of

the stations during the months of May, June, July and August. In view of the great loss of life and property that has oc-

curred along the sea coast in the months of May and August during the past few years a strong effort is being made to have

the stations kept in operation during those two months the same as during the winter

months. The movement is regarded with

Trial Postponed.

The competitive trial of machine guns for

for the test at the date originally selected. The trial will probably take place some

time in June. The Maxim, Gatling, Accles, Gardner and other modern guns will be

Yesterday was the last of the thirty days

wherein Judge John D. Long of Michigan

was allowed to show the pension authori-

ties why his pension of \$72 per month should not be reduced to \$50. Neither he

nor his attorney put in an appearance. Judge Long has been notified that his pension has been reduced.

A Chief of Division Appointed. Secretary Carlisle has appointed James C.

L. Gudger of North Carolina chief of a

ustoms, in place of Mr. Wm. Hinds,

ransferred to the internal revenue bureau.

Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

For the next six months Assistant Secre-

Treasury, in the absence of Secretary Car-

Cavalry Drill at Fort Myer.

In honor of the Secretary of State and a

party of friends a special cavalry drill was

had at Fort Myer at 5 o'clock p. m. Mon-

day. The Secretary received the usual sa-lute of cannon. The drill was enjoyed by

National bank notes received for redemp-

\$151,670.82; miscellaneous, \$18,988.85.

placed in competition on this occasion.

Also several postmasters.

present week.

chance of success.

The Evening Star.

COMING THIS WAY Democratic Senators Said to Be Pre-

Ten Companies of Commonwealers party in the Senate is becoming impatient The Meeting Today of the Associa-Leave Chicago.

TROOPS ORDERED TO CAMP AT SPOKANE

Release of the Portland Contingent

Ordered.

CHICAGO, May 1 .- Randall's contingent of the commonweal army began its march today. There were ten companies, all organized in Chicago, and making altogether about 400 men. A brass band was expected, but it did not report, and the advance began without music. A large banner was carried in a wagon at the head of the

far as possible. The march was from headquarters, in a senator Harris said at the close of the session yesterday that he was not yet prepared to announce any change of hours for the daily sessions, but added that he might have an announcement in that direction to make before many days. cooper shop in Rawson street in the northern part of the city, and led through the business district. The first destination aimed at was Grand Crossing, near the head of Lake Michigan and close to the Indiana state line.

Troops Ordered to Spokane. SPOKANE, Wash., May 1.-When Dolphin's regiment of commonwealers passed from their barracks this morning they were surprised to see 200 United States soldiers. They had come in before sunrise from Fort Sherman, thirty miles distant. At 1:20 a. m. they received telegraphic orders from Gen. Otis, and at 5 o'clock they were in Spokane. They brought twenty days' rations, and have gone into camp in the outskirts of the town. The plan is to have them here in a position to be dispatched either east or west to protect trains against seizure.

Portland's Contingent Released. PORTLAND, Ore., May 1.-District Judge Bellinger has ordered the discharge of the Portland contingent of the industrial army, who were charged with contempt of court in violating an injunction of the court restraining them from interfering with the property of the Union Pacific railway. Fifty-two men arraigned addressed the court, saying the, were not aware they were violating an order of the court, and promising to obey the laws in the future. Judge Bellinger then discharged them.

Conservative reductions in the sainties of employes and expenses of the department have been made by the committee, the reduction in the appropriation for the weather bureau alone amounting to about \$75,000 from last year. For the purchase and distribution of seeds the bill appropriates \$130,000 as compared with \$135,000 for the present year. Col. Grayson's Progress. OMAHA, Neb., May 1 .- A special to the Bee from Julesburg, Colo., says: Col. Grayson and his hundred commonwealers are camped in an empty store building here. They were fed by the citizens. Grayson insists he is going to Washington.

Commonwealers at New Haven. NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 1 .- Coxey's army, under the command of Capt. George A. Sweetland, arrived here early last evening, and after a short parade through the city went to Central Labor Union Hall, where they were received by a committee and a public meeting was held. Sweetland, who formed the army in Bristol, addressed the audience.

All of his army are unmarried men, and most of the trades are represented. were quartered at Central Labor Hall all night, and will wait here until Wednesday enlisting recruits, when Swift's army from

Gen. Swift arrived by train last night to arrange for the reception of his men. As might be expected, his army is one of culture. In fact, they are not an army, but a "New England delegation of unemployed." The general does not affiliate with the Coxeyites, and will not join Sweetland's contingent on the march unless his delega-

STORM IN THE SOUTHWEST. Hard Rains and High Winds in Texas

ST. LOUIS, Mo., May 1 .- A special to the Republic from Fort Worth, Tex., says: In the vicinity of Terrell, Tex., farms and public highways are inundated, fences and bridges are washed away and railway traffic obstructed by the flood. Damage incalculable has been done to crops. The trains on the Texas and Pacific were delayed until the track, which was washed but a mile or two south of the city, could be relaid. Traffic over the Texas Midland is totally stopped by high water. Nearly every bridge on the line is washed away d several miles of the track is entirely omerged. It will be several days before the Midland will be in readiness to resume

operations.
A special from Texarkana, Ark., says: One of the heaviest hall and rain storms that have visited this section in years struck here last night. At Parks, a small station on the Texas and Pacific road, the storm demolished a number of residences, killing Thaddeus McDougal, the three-year-old son of Rev.

McDougal, pastor of the M. E. Church and fatally wounding W. G. Boecock, aged eventy-three. Both the Methodist and and considerable other damage done.

EX-PRESIDENT VASQUEZ.

He is on His Way to Washington and

NEW ORLEANS, May 1.-Don Domingo Vasquez, who was president of Spanish Honduras until recently deposed by President Bonilla after a sharp and quite bloody revolution, has arrived in New Orleans, en route to New York. He will visit Washington to confer with the Honduranean representatives and very likely with Presiient Cleveland. Altogether he will be in the navy, which was to have taken place the United States about three months. He at the Indian Head proving grounds early declines to say what the business is that in May, have been indefinitely postponed, brings him here, but it is understood that it is to gather a body of fillbusters, who of the failure of the representatives of four will sail from New York for Honduras to will sail from New York for Honduras to- for the ward the end of the summer.

Maj. E. A. Burke, the defaulting state reasurer of Louisiana, has proved a brave and able soldier in the field, Vasquez said, as had many of the Americans who had fought with him. They had been granted sixty days to return to Honduras and wind up their business affairs. He believed Maj. Burke had taken advantage of that privi-

ge. The late president was asked what he thought of Bonilia's action in forfeiting the concessions he had granted to the Louisiana Lottery Company at Fuerto Cortez. He was much surprised at the question, and replied that, owing to his flight from Honduras, he had not learned that fact earlier. He appeared to be quite indignant over the act, and denounced Bonilla for revoking the grant made by the Honduras congress, intimating that he was inspired by an intent to blackmail lottery people.

CONVENTION OF MUSICIANS.

The National League to Assemble at Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, May 1.—Among the large three assistant secretaries. Mr. Hamlin and Mr. Curtis have already served their terms this morning to attend the convention of in this position. the National League of Musicians, which convenes in this city today, are the following: Jacob Breck, Philadelphia; E. A. Drech, Chicago; George Bach, Milwaukee; Part Frank Arrich, Birmingham, Ala.; Frank G. Walton, Bay City, Mich.; H. W. Greenleaf, Syracuse, N. Y.; Owen Miller, St. Louis; Emil Bailhaus, J. Schmelz, George Schath Cincipnati; Edward Kneit Mil. Schath, Cincinnati: Edward Knoit, Mil-waukee; Ernest Meier, Duluth, Minn.; Henry Relily, Louisville; J. M. Lander, John Hunt, Alexander Bremer, New York; John S. Maloney, Rochester, N. Y.; Wm. Ruhl, Pittsburg; Samuel J. Ruhl, Beaver From internal revenue, \$160,247.81; customs,

party in the Senate is becoming impatient tariff bill was evidenced yesterday by the tion of Military Surgeons. circulation of a declaration in favor of closure of debate. The paper was prepared

quietly during the afternoon, being handed PRESIDENT CLEVELAND'S ADDRESS

> A Distinguished Gathering of Members and Guests.

LIST OF THOSE PRESENT

The fourth annual meeting of the Assopoint as well as that as to whether it shall be a modified or an absolute closure to be ciation of Military Surgeons of the United States convened at 10 o'clock this morning at the National Theater. The playhouse was appropriately illumined with a lavish abundance of tri-colored bunting. be handed around quietly as opportunity presents so as to have the democratic side prepared for the change if it is undertaken, Great national ensigns were draped from the boxes, family circle and gallery. All to have Senators committed to it as the decoration possibilities were realized. About two hundred and fifty delegates were present; the stage was filled with guests and the remainder of the seating capacity was utilized by the public, who, by their manifestation of interest, proved that they were not unworthy spectators. There were present a large number of ladies, whose fair and bright spring costumes vied with the stars and stripes of old glory and the gold lace and blue cloth of the surgeons.

The Marine Band, under the leadership of Prof. Fanciulli, struck up a stirring tune and the people filed in.

Maj. George Henderson, surgeon general, D.C.N.G., chairman of the committee on arrangements, called the meeting to order-and introduced in a few words Rev. Dr. T. S. agreed to offer an amendment to the army

introduced in a few words Rev. Dr. T. S. Hamlin, pastor of the Church of the Cove-nant, who offered prayer.

The President's Remarks. President Cleveland, on being introduced by Maj. Henderson as the commander-inchief of the army of the United States, stepped forward to the front of the stage. The bill making appropriations for the The audience saluted him by rising. Then

"Gentlemen, I have taken a few minutes from the weight of engrossing duties to give evidence of my appreciation of the purposes and aims of this association. "Ever since I was governor of New York the fiscal year 1805 has been completed by amounts appropriated by the bill have not



I have become somewhat responsible for the welfare of the National Guard of the em-pire state. I have taken an interest in all that pertains to the National Guard of the that pertains to the National Guard of the land, as it is that on which he government must rely whenever that time shall come. The National Guard of all the states should have a community of it terest and effort. One of the most useful objects of the world is the study of health and sanitation.

"The National Guard and the federal army

States; Frank T. Shaw, to be collector of customs; Barnes Compton, to be naval of-ficer, and C. Ridgeley Goodwin, to be sur-veyor of customs. The injunction of secrecy should co-operate. Every patriotic American citizen should applaud your efforts in the direction of mercy. With a hearty wish for the welfare of this association, it only remains for me to declare this meeting To be members of the California debris commission, Col. George H. Mendell, Lieut. Col. W. H. H. Benyaurd and William H. open for the transaction of business." Charles R. Bisbee, collector of customs for the district of St. John's, Fla.

Commissioner Ross then spoke as follows:

Commissioner Ross' Welcome Mr. Ross said: "It is an appreciated honor to represent the District of Columbia in extending the welcome of its people to this representative body of American citizens who compose the association known as the Military Surgeons of the United States. Many of your members have long been identified with some of the most important interests of the District of Columbia. Some of them have been most active and influential in the furtherance of ways and means to guard and foster the sanitary interests of the national capital. When there was a threatened invasion of cholera from the old world within the past two years, they co-operated most ably and efficiently with the members of the local profession and with the officials of the District of Columbia to

"By your association you have recognized the benefits to be derived from organiza-tion; the advantages to be had from an annual comparison of professional observa-tions, and the pleasures attendant upon social reunions, among those charged with like responsibilities, having the same hopes of honorable preferment and the same ambiof honorable preferment and the same ambittion to serve loyally and well the government established by the fathers of the republic. You have well and wisely chosen the capital of your country as your place of meeting. May I refer briefly to the relations which exist between that capital and the people of the United States? The place where the people's representatives formulate into law the people's will in the only mode prescribed by the Constitution or known to our system of government; the place where the people's great chief magisplace where the people's great chief magis-trate resides and executes the laws made by the people through their representatives in Congress; where the Supreme Court of the United States construes those laws. Cer-tainly that place should at all times be free and open to the coming and the going of all citizens of the republic, whether they be rich or poor, and whether they come ba foot or by conveyance, so long as they observe and obey the laws which they themselves have made through and by their rep

resentatives in Congress.

"Such a proposition needs only to be stated to receive the sanction of all right-thinking and sensible people. On the other hand, while citizens may peaceably and hand, while citizens may peaceably and reasonably assemble at the capital, no man who has comprehended our system of government needs to be convinced that any attempt to compel action on the part of any of the three great co-ordinate branches of the government by menace or threat, or show of physical force, would be not only unlawful, would not only substitute the rule of the mob for the rule of the people, but would constitute an insult to the people of would constitute an insult to the people, but would constitute an insult to the people of the United States, whose agents should be so menaced or threatened. The right to come to Washington and to present petitions in an orderly and peaceable manner is unquestioned and unquestionable.

When that proves unavailing, if there be a wrong unrighted, then the remedy, ac-cording to the American plan, is to be had division in the office of commissioner of by the use of the ballot. That American plan of asserting and of enforcing the people's will has served its intended purpos ple's will has served its intended purpose for more than a hundred years of such civil and religious liberty and of such general prosperity among the wage-earners of the land as has been accorded to no other peotary Wike will act as Secretary of the ple since history began.

pression there is a want of employment and consequent suffering cannot be denied. The same sad condition seems to prevail throughout the civilized world. But if there be any present remedy, it certainly is not to be had by mob violence, by disregard of the rights of property, or by other violations

If the remedy lies in legislation by Congress, the people who elect their representa-tives can give instructions at any time to their members from each congressional district, and to their Senators from each state at large, and if the instructions be not obeyed, the remedy is plain under our system of government. I crave your pardon for stating these self-

(Continued on Fifth Page.)

Both Houses Adjourn Out of Respect to Senator Stockbridge.

But Little Business Transacted and That Was of a Routine

Never before in its history, it would be safe to say, has the Senate lost its members in such rapid succession. Five weeks ago the obsequies of Senator Colquitt of Georgia were held in the Senate chamber, three weeks later the lamented Senator Vance of North Carolina was buried on the mountain side of his beloved state, and today, for the third time in five weeks, another Senator lies dead, and the desk of Senator Stockbridge of Michigan is draped

The blind chaplain referred to his death with his usual tender pathos. "Oh, eternal God," he prayed, "enveloped in a thick cloud of sorrow we come before Thee today to pray that Thou wilt grant Thy blessing to the Senator from Alabama (Mr. Morgan), bereaved by the loss of his beloved wife, and to the wife who is widowed by the death of the Senator from Michigan. Shine on them, oh, Lord Christ, with Thy infinite tenderness and human sympathy in this the time of their bereavement and grief. Stretch of their bereavement and grief. Stretch forth Thy hand to succor and comfort and bless them. Thou only art our refuge in the time of our loss and pain. We bless Thee that we may trust in Thy infinite mercy, for Thou art touched with the feel-ing of our infirmities." Senator Stockbridge's Death An-

nounced. Mr. McMillan of Michigan announced the The Start This Morning - Marshal leath of his colleague.

"I am called upon this morning," he said, weeks his life hung in the balance. Only yesterday, however, came a letter, written by himself, in which rapid progress toward recovery was announced, to be followed in the early evening by the brief message telling of his death.

"It should not go unsaid that today there is sincere mourning throughout the state of Michigan over the death of one who has been long closely and conspicuously identified with her interests. In the truest sense he was one of her sons. All his life long he had stood shoulder to shoulder with her people. To the brave wife whose obtained people. To the brave wife whose physical sufferings are now added to by the weight of sorrow and to the bereaved sisters I venture in the name of the Senate to send the sympathy of those who honored and respected him whose loss they so sincerely mourn."

respected him whose loss they so sincerely mourn."

Mr. McMillan offered the usual resolutions declaring that the Senate had heard with regret of the death of Senator Stockbridge; that a committee of seven Senators should be appointed by the Vice President to act with a committee from the House of Representatives to attend the funeral at Kalamazoo, Mich.; instructing the secretary to communicate these resolutions to the House, and that the Senate should immediately adjourn.

In accordance with the above resolutions the Vice President named Senators McMillan, Washburn, Cullom, Jones of Arkanwith. But there was no contee, and immediately afterward, at 12:08 p. m., the Senate adjourned till 11 a.m. tomorrow.

The session of the House was brief today on account of the death of Senator Stockbridge of Michigan. Chaplain Bagby, in his prayer, referred

feelingly to the death of the Michigan Senator.

Mr. Enloe (Tenn.) objected.

The Senate amendments to the bill for the punishment of crimes in the Yellowstone Park were agreed to, on motion of Mr. McRae (Ark.)

Ticus communes distributed the much-talked-of banners of peace to their followstone Park were agreed to, on motion of less than enlarged editions of the common-weal badge, bearing the legend, "Peace on

appropriate resolutions. As a further mark of respect, the House, at 1:35, adjourned.

The Speaker named the following commit-

tee on the part of the House to attend Sena-tor Stockbridge's funeral: Messrs. Burrows (Mich.), Bynum (Ind.), McCreary (Ky.), Boutelle (Me.), Payne (N. Y.), Altkin, Thomas and Richardson (Mich.).

The following assignments to regiments of officers recently promoted are ordered. Artillery arm-Maj. Carle A. Woodruff, to the second artillery; Capt. Alexander D. Schenck, to the second artillery; First Lieut. Herman C. Schumm, to the second artillery, light battery A; First Lieut. Alfred M. Hunter, to the first artillery, bat-

to the eighteenth infantry; Capt. Frederick D. Sharp, to the twentieth infantry, com-

pany K.

The following transfers are made: First Lieutenant Harry L. Hawthorne, from the fourth artillery to the first artillery (battery F); First Lieut. Alfred M. Hunter, from the first artillery to the fourth artillery lery (battery A). Capt. William P. Vose, second artillery, is relieved from duty with battery I and is assigned to light battery F of that regiment. Capt. Louis V. Caziarc, second artillery, is transferred from battery C to battery I of that regiment. Capt. Alexander D. Schenck, second artillery, is assigned to battery C of that regiment. Leave of absence for two months, on surgeon's certificate of disability, is granted Capt. Edward Everts, assistant surgeon.

Illegal Pension Money Recovered. were recovered, against \$16,883 for the previous year. It is also stated that almost a when he sought safety from the coming of million dollars have been saved to the govmillion dollars have been saved to the government in intended payments on admitted and pending claims prevented by the dis-covery of the fraud and punishment of the offenders. During the year the law divis-ion of the bureau caused 199 arrests, 341 indictments, 161 convictions, 33 sentences,

More War Department Clerks Dismissed.

clerks in the record and pension division, fifty. There will be nearly 150 more reductions in this office between now and the 1st of July, and a terrible rumor was in circulation today that the reductions would take place during the course of the present with the American people, but will spread month. There is much excitement in consequence throughout the entire department.

The gold reserve of the government re-

WOUNDS OF WAR BRIEFSESSIONS IN CONGRESS COXEY'S M. RCH INDS

The Commonweal Comes Into Collision With the Police.

AN EXCITING SCENE AT THE CAPITOL

Carl Browne Arrested After Violent Resistance.

COXEY QUIETLY REMOVED

Coxey's "army," the much heralded "three hundred thousand," reached the end of its mary strain, telling them that they had received permission to march to the Capitol steps. There was nothing very heroic about it. At the Capitol steps there was a collision with the police. Browne made a desperate resistance to Then we will reform and march to our new carm, near by which has been provided.

Browne's Fantastie Talk.

The Commonweal of Christ was astir "to perform the saddest duty that ever falls early this morning, and its members moved to the lot of a member of this body-to an- about with unusual energy for men who nounce to the Senate the death of a col- have plodded weary miles over mountain league. Four weeks ago yesterday he dropped his work here to make a journey to the Pacific coast, but before reaching Chicago he was taken ill on the train and for two monotony of the month's march being



in existence would have been satisfied star. This was perhaps due to the fact that

breakfast was announced as soon as the men were awake, and they responded with alacrity when ordered to fall in and visit the commissary wagon. Bread, boiled ages and coffee comprised the menu of their matutinal meal, and they devoured the meager fare as only half-famished men can. As soon as they had finished their feast, the order was given to break camp, and in less time than it takes to tell it the tents Mr. Brookshire (Ind.) asked unanimous were struck and stowed away in the wagon, consent for the consideration of a bill to and the pots and pans and boilers and ket-relmburse ex-United States Treasurer Ne- tiles and the thousand and one odds and beker in the sum of \$1,000 for the loss of a ends, which have been a part and parcel of rote of that denomination, sent to him for rote of that denomination, sent to him for weal, were bundled up and shoved away redemption, but which mysteriously dis-appeared after it reached its destination.

Weat, well builds ame conveyances.

At 8:30 the marshals in charge of the va-

stone Park were agreed to, on motion of Mr. McRae (Ark.)

Mr. Dingley (Me.) called up from the joint committee on expenditures in the departments the bill to improve the methods of accounting in the Treasury Department.

After a short consideration of the bill to reduce expenditures in the Treasury Department the House heard the announcement of the death of Senator Stockbridge and adopted appropriate resolutions. As a further mark inserted near the end of each the purples in the death of the movement. These little flags were attached to the end of square oaken sticks, about four feet long, which were significant of the object of the movement. These little flags were attached to the end of square oaken sticks, about four feet long, which were significant of the object of the movement. These little flags were attached to the end of square oaken sticks, about four feet long.



pose of which was evidently to hold a tiny flag pole. At 9 o'clock the wagons had all been packed and the horses harnessed to them, and the men were drawn up in a long line, two deep, across the field inside of the race track. Here they waited patiently and with much good humor for the arrival of Chief Marshal Browne and "Gen." Coxey. They didn't have long to wait.

Browne shortly appeared upon the scene dressed in his well-known leather suit, and on his left breast was pinned a white feather, evidently pulled from the flowing A statement prepared at the pension bu- tall of a barn-yard chanticleer. One of the reau shows that during the year ending wags of the commonweal remarked that it April 1 \$27,518 illegally paid to pensioners was probably the twin brother of the white feather that Browne showed at Rockville exhibited once before many years ago when he deserted Dennis Kearney at the Sand Lots in San Francisco. Browne beamed with pleasure as he saw the array of his henchmen stretched out before him, and his reincarnation, according to the same stuck until a man could have used it

Running his eye down the line, he broke into eloquence to The Star reporter. "This beautiful day ushers in a new dawn In pursuance of the policy of economy, on it will be a continuous 1st of May until the bills we have come to present to Congress shall have become laws. The people War Department, to take effect immediate-ly. Rumor had exaggerated the number to upon the 1st day of May, 1804, as the most important date in history, marking, as it does, the birth of a new and fuller and freer liberty for the now down-trodden masses of the American common people.

"This movement, mark you, will not cease world is touched and softened and sweeten-

present intention and prevent Mr. Coxey and yourself from going on with the pro-gram at the Capitol?"

include Saturday's gold operations. Treasury officials are encouraged to the belief that the outward movement of gold is practically at an end for the present, and that from now on the government gold holdings will steadily grow larger.

"Such action would still further inspire the sympathies of the great masses of the people with our object and accentuate in their mounted officers followed when, at the boundary, 125 men were found drawn up in line dary, 125 men were found drawn up in line mounted officers followed when, at the boundary, 125 men were found drawn up in line dary, 125 men were found drawn up in line mounted officers followed. Small trees, bushes and flower beds went down before the command of C. B. Villette. This body fell in behind the army.

Along down 14th street the crowds grew dary, 125 men were found drawn up in line mounted officers followed. Small trees, bushes and flower beds went down dary, 125 men were found drawn up in line mounted officers followed. Small trees, bushes and flower beds went down dary, 125 men were found drawn up in line mounted officers followed. Small trees, bushes and flower beds went down dary, 125 men were found drawn up in line mounted officers followed when, at the boundary, 125 men were found drawn up in line with control of the properties. The support of the command of C. B. Villette. This body fell in behind the army.

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Along down 14th of the properties of the properties of the properties of the properties of the command of C. B. Villette. This body fell in behind the army.

Along down 14th of the properties of the propertie

The staves were handled like guns, and when Browne shouted "gloria and peace," they cheered three times shrilly and waved they cheered three times shrilly and waved their sticks in the air. These evolutions were performed by the main body of the army. The Philadelphia commune stood at one side waiting to fall in. Oklahoma Sam galloped up and down the line on his stallion. The bass drum boomed dismaily and the bagpipes emitted a shrill scream. After marching twice around the grounds the men were again drawn up in line and more cheers and drilling followed.

Some of the military evolutions which Browne called on his men to perform must have been conceived in a nightmare. Browne harangued the men in his customary strain, telling them that they had received permission to march to the Capitol

Browne made a desperate resistance to arrest, and policemen's clubs were used upon the Coxeyites who crowded around.

Browne was dragged away under arrest. Coxey was not violent. He made a demand to be allowed to speak from the Capitol steps, and this being refused, desired to read a protest, but was not allowed to do so. Then he was escorted out of the grounds. This was the end of the scene at the Capitol.

LEAVING THE CAMP.

Then we will reform and march to our new camp near by, which has been provided. This demonstration will be more powerful than force, than guns, or than bombs," and the ragged army at this cheered wildly. Then Browne went on: "People said that we wouldn't march up Pennsylvania avenue when we reached here. Yet the police department yesterday informed Brother Coxey that we could march. We are here on time and will go to the grounds on time. All are certainly on deck. Yesterday it looked as if we wouldn't have many, but now we will go in with spirits as bright as the May day on which we march. Mr. now we will go in with spirits as bright as the May day on which we march. Mr. Crisp refused yesterday to let us speak on the Capitol steps. We didn't see the Vice President. That is the latest I can tell you. We will go into the Capitol grounds as in-dustrials. They can't prevent us from do-ing that."

The Leader Appears. Just before 10 o'clock Gen. Coxey drove out to the inclosure in an open carriage, holding the lines over his pair of blooded blacks. Mrs. Coxey sat by his side and in her lap was the wee mite of humanity already known to fame as "Legal Tender" Coxey. The appearance of the party was greeted with a wild salvo of applause, to which Gen. Coxey responded with frequent bows. There was inquiry for Miss Mamie Coxey, and it was learned that she was at Coxey, and it was tearned that she was at the hotel attiring herself. In the white robes of peace in which she would appear to lead the procession. At 10 o'clock the common-weal moved out of the field and across the race track and halted until everything was found to be in readiness for the march upon the Capitol.

found to be in readiness for the march upon the Capitol.

Fifteen minutes later Miss Mamie Coxey rode a prancing white steed to the head of the column just inside of the gateway leading to the lith street road. She is quite a pretty girl, and it was evident that she did not at all relish the part she was to take in the ceremony. But she bravely attempted to hide her discomfiture and sat erect upon her animal, with her eyes fixed upon the red, white and blue rosette which nodded from between his ears. Miss Coxey was clad in a white riding habit, the open jacket of which showed a white shirt waist. The red silk necktle was tied in a bowknot at the collar and a wealth of blonde hair that the sun's rays lighted into gold flowed loosely from beneath a jaunty blue cap, from the front of which beamed a single gold star. She wore white kid gloves. As she quieted her nervous animal Carl Browae, mounted on a big white Percheron horse, the Capitol. discontent that prevailed in the ranks yes-terday had apparently disappeared. "The mounted on a big white Percheron horse, terday had apparently disappeared." The shouted of the shouted

"Forward march!" The most motiey procession that could ever be conceived of outside of a carnival masquerade moved forward. Sergts. Slattery, Kenney and Jordan and nine mounted policemen took their position at the head and at intervals along the line of the column.

The March Begun.

The march to the Capitol was begun, and, with flags flying, the white banners of peace fluttering from the oaken sticks of the marchers and the band playing somethe marchers and the band playing something that seemed to be intended for a tune, the Commonweal of Christ filed out of the gate and turned into the dusty 14th street road. Following the band came a color bearer, holding aloft a United States flag, and behind him limped a foot-sore man, carrying a caricature of Coxey, which bore an inscription to the effect that the image was inscription to the effect that the image was that of the reincarnation of the Commonweal of Christ, whatever that means. The subject of the appalling sketch drove along in his pony phaeton, immediately behind the transparency. Mrs. Coxey was by his side. She took no notice of the crowd of the curious which lined the gateway and the road, but devoted herself with maternal attention to the latest addition to the family, whom she held in her arms.

whom she held in her arms.

The various communes followed in their elphabetical order, and were separated by the wagons belonging to the army, and the rear of the procession was brought up by the Philadelphia contingent. At the head of these hardy sons of freedom rode a Miss Lavalette. She was mounted on a big bay horse and personified the Goddess of Liberty Her head was covered with a turban made of a small United States for under the control of the control of the states for under the control of the control Her head was covered with a turban made of a small United States fiag, and a short blue flannel walking skirt which she utilized as a riding habit did not have its scanty length added to a particle by the patriotic bunting with which it was covered. Miss Lavalette showed the independent kind of a girl she was when she reached the gateway. She stopped her prancing palfrey and directed a juvenile colored individual to give her a drink of water. When the draught had passed her lips sheran her hand into her pocket and rewardran her hand into her pocket and reward-ed the servitor with a gleaming dime that n ade the eyes of the commonwealers im-

Miss Lavalette appeared to enjoy the distinction conferred upon her, but her satistopher Columbus Jones, who followed in her rear, riding in state in a hansom cab. The Philadelphia philosopher had an-nounced before the march was taken up that if he did not have a horse to ride he would "go fishing," but he compromised on a cab, and no Roman emperor coming home from his victories ever felt the thrill of pleasure that Mr. Jones apparently did when two deep-voiced spectators yelled out in unison, "Rah for Jones!" The Phila-delphia contingent came after their leader two by two, holding a long rope, which was attached to the small flag-covered wagon that has accompanied the party on its travels. By actual count at the gate there were 320 human beings in the parade, ineluding three sick men, for whom commis-sary wagon No. 1 has been fixed up as an As the procession started, so it wended its way down the dusty surface of the 14th street road. First the band would wheeze out a pitiful parody on a national air, and then the bagpipe would shrick until the

MARCH THROUGH THE CITY. The Streets Thronged to Witness the

policemen's horses would almost have

lined up on the roadside. On down the hill, the procession passed with here and there a little group on the roadside, to whom Marshal Browne and Gen. Coxey were contin-This movement in the whole is beneficent influences until the whole orld is touched and softened and sweetenably it."

Deer Park a name of the fence and gazed curiously at the strange procession. Mr. Coxey remarked that they recognized an army of peace and were not afraid. From the time the procession struck the asphalt at 14th street, however, the crowds were continuous. There exercisely a large crowd at the end of the procession and provide the fine bay, reined his horse to the stone fence and gazed curiously at the strange procession. Mr. Coxey remarked that they recognized an army of peace and were not afraid. From the time the procession struck the asphalt at 14th street, however, the crowds were continuous. There are not to be daunted by this escape to the shrubbery. The first officer, mounted on a fine bay, reined his horse to the stone fence and then horse and rider cleared the fence and gazed curiously at the strange procession. Mr. Coxey and Browne got out of signs that they recognized an army of peace and were not afraid. From the time the procession struck the asphalt at 14th street, however, the crowds were continuous. There are not to be daunted by this escape to the struck the application of the procession army of peace and the shrubbery. The first officer, mounted on a fine bay, reined his horse to the stone fence. uosly doffing their hats. At the Argyle a free balance of \$250,000 in gold above the \$100,000,000 held in reserve for the redemption of legal tender notes. These figures include Saturday's gold operations. Treasury officials are encouraged to the belief that the outward movement of gold is

Брасе.

the proof of the pudding is

in the eating. Pesterdap's Star contained 64 cofumns

of advertisements, made up

of 916 separate announce: ments. Zhese advertisers bought publicity-not merely

it may be, with their determination to tighten their grasp on the country's throat.

"I feel within me—my reincarnation tells me that no matter what happens and despite any and all circumstances the eventual success of our movement is assured."

He Drilled His Men.

He immediately took command, and, forming the men into a hollow square, put them through a drill that would give a National Guardsman a fit.

difficult matter to force a passageway through the crowd. The head of the column wheeled into Pennsylvania avenue with a mounted detachment of police in the lead, followed by a carriage containing Mrs. Vivian Diggs and a party, while behind came Miss Coxey, followed by Marshal Browne, the band, Gen. Coxey and the rest of the commonweal. Before the army reached Pennsylvania avenue Secretary Mayer of the local committee met them and decorated the horses with large red, white and blue pompons. and blue pompons. The Copy of His Protest.

which contained, among other things, a pro-

Another of the local committee also came

out and handed Mr. Coxey some envelopes,

which contained, among other things, a protest which he proposed to deliver at the Capitol in case he was stopped from speaking. As the procession passed along the avenue the crowds pushed closer and closer on to the marching men, until it was hard to distinguish which were commonwealers and which spectators.

Around Browne and Mr. Coxey's buggy especially the jam was thickest. Here and there a cheer came from the crowd and at Pennsylvania avenue and 14th street Browne called for three cheers for the mational capital, which were given with a will by the army.

The Telegrams Received. At 7th street there was an especially vigorous-lunged crowd awaiting. As Mr. Coxey passed up the avenue he received several telegrams, brought him by messenger boys. These telegrams were as follows:

CHICAGO, Ill., May 1.

Gen. Coxey, Army of the Commonweal:
Hearty congratulations on successful termination of march. The American Wheelmen's Good Road Army, 5,000 strong, will join you in Washington May 11. Peaney Psycle Company, Chicago, have furnished 300 blcycles for use of recruits. Have you any instructions?

General headquarters American Wheelmen Good Roads Army, Grand Pacific Hotel, Chicago.

J. S. Coxey, Commander of Commonweal

Army:
I am ready to start by 10th of May, thousand strong. Would like advice.
Col. HELLMANN.
PORTLAND, Ore., May 1. PORTLAND, Ore., May 1.

The Portland division of the industrial army, under command of Citizen Z. C. Hreffley, which was arrested by the United States army, had trial in United States court today and were released. Ten thousand people assembled today in mass meeting in sympathy with the industrial monster parade tonight.

CITIZENS OF PORTLAND, HARRISBURG, Pa., May 1.

J. S. Coxey:

J. S. Coxey:

The populists' convention of Pennsylvania, now in session here, send a greeting and express the hope that you will receive a fair hearing for the principles you have so nobly advocated.

JOHN H. STEVENSON,
VICTOR A. LETIER.

Committee.

These telegrams gratified Gen. Coxey exceedingly, and as he rode along he told The Star reporter that he felt sure the movement had already spread to such an extent as to render almost certain its final

The Coxey cavalcade arrived at the Peace

nonument at the foot of the Capitol grounds at 12:50. A crowd of several thousand people lined the sidewalks and street at this point. The police in advance of the army moved slowly ahead, having difficulty in clearing a passage way. The arrival of Coxey was the signal for loud cheering from the people and everybody congregated at this point immediately started for the opposite side of the Capitol. Many of them trooped along the street in the wake of the procession, but a greater number took a short cut across the lawn of the Capitol grounds. In a few moments the immense crowd was on the move and swept over the lawn in thousands, swarming up the steps of the west front.

The police made no effort to stop the crowd, and, in fact, any such effort would have been impossible. They moved with the irresistible force of a tidal wave, men

agement.

When the procession reached New Jersey avenue at the crest of the hill anothe people lined the terraces, the plaza and every available foot of space on the grass plot. The fronts of neighboring buildings were crowded with people, and the hotel at the corner presented windows full and doors full of sightseers.

doors full of sightseers.

There was another crowd at this point also. It was a small one, but a very important one. A line of mounted metropolitan police, drawn across the New Jersey avenue entrance of the Capitol grounds, presented a solid front of resistance to entrance by that route. It was soon made manife that the Coxey procession as a procession could not enter there. The parade came to a halt for a few moments, while the crowd stopped cheering to listen. They could hear nothing, however, and in a few moments the procession moved eastward, out B street more.

Lieut. Kelly of the sixth precinct was the first officer to take hold of the leader of the commonweal army, and it was with considerable difficulty that the leader was led from the steps to his carriage, which was in waiting on B street southeast.

was there to welcome her husband when he was released. Lieut. Kelly and Sergt. Mulhall walked with the leader, and in the Mulhall walked with the leader, and in the party of officers were Capt. Gardner and Lieut. Watkins of the Capitol police force, Capt. Rodgers of the New York force, Capt. Austin, Detectives Lacy and others.

Coxey was cheered by the crowd as he passed through on his way to the carriage, and when he stepped into the vehicle he stood upon the seat and waved his hat in acknowledgment of the warm reception given him by the crowd. given him by the crowd.
"Thank you, captain," he said to Lieut.
Kelly. He said he was grateful for the kind

Mrs. Coxey remained in the carriage and

"Lead me in the direction of the camp,"
was the request of Gen. Coxey.
"What camp?" asked Capt. Austin;
"Brightwood?" "No," he replied; "the other one, but I

don't know where it is or how to go there." Gen. Coxey announced to the crowd that be would speak at the camp this aftern and then told his men to get ready for the The Dash of the Leaders.

When the army had pushed through the almost impenetrable crowd at the Peace

monument and had marched up B street until the head of the procession was almost to the Congressional Library the order for a halt was given. Previous to this, as the army passed the first entrance to the Capitol grounds on B street, some twenty mounted policemen had spurred for-ward through the crowd of spectators as if to prevent an entrance. As soon as the army halted Browne jumped from the big gray stallion he had been riding, telling his As the procession turned into the dusty dirt road that leads down to 14th street there was a cheer from a few spectators the foliage of the east front of the Capitol grounds, and, with a bound, was inside the fence and lost amid the tangled shrubbery. Browne followed. The mob shouted at their

SCENES AT THE CAPITOL.

disappearance.

and dashed into the shrubbery. The other